

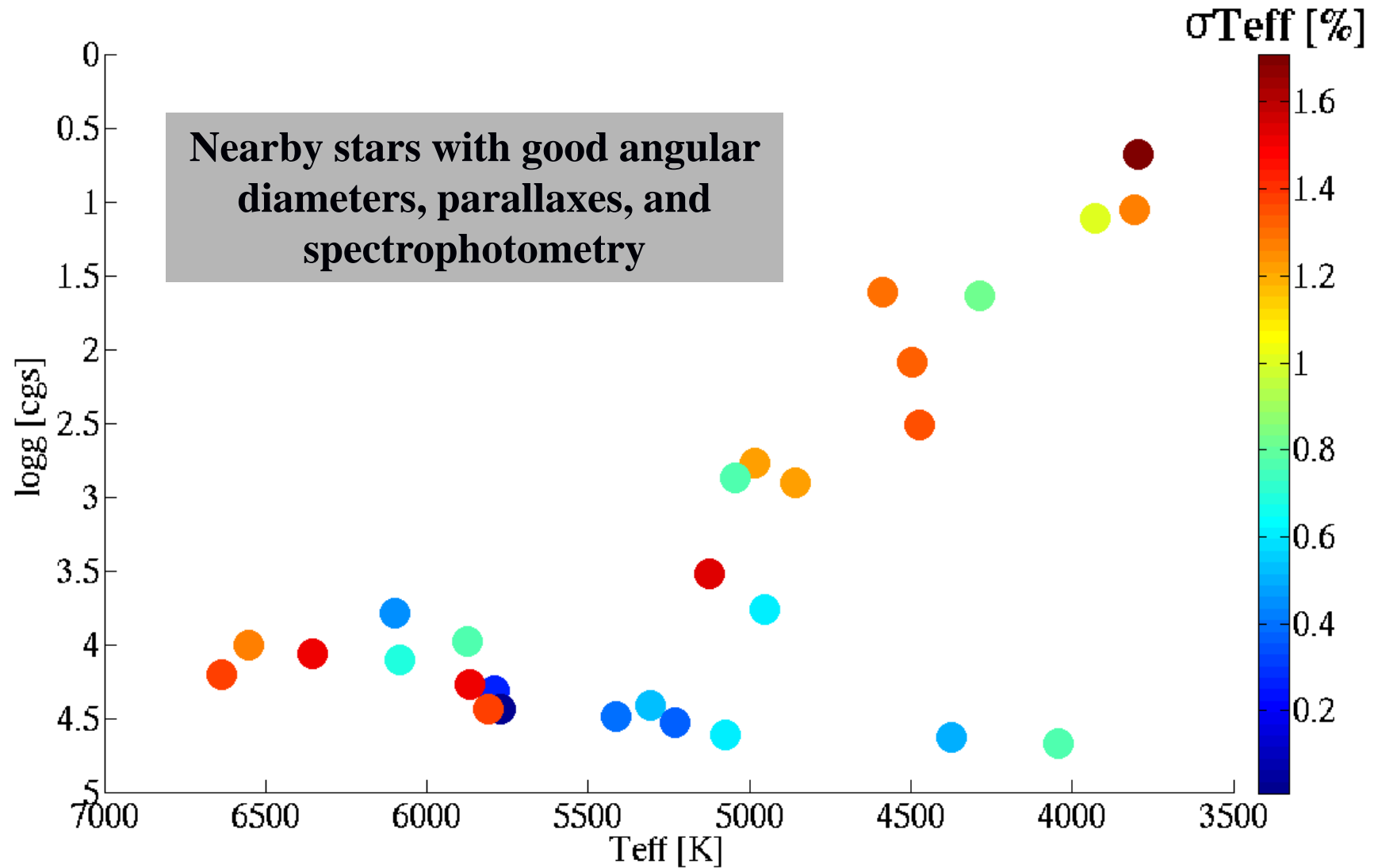
Benchmark stars for PLATO: non-seismic parameters



Parameters to be discussed

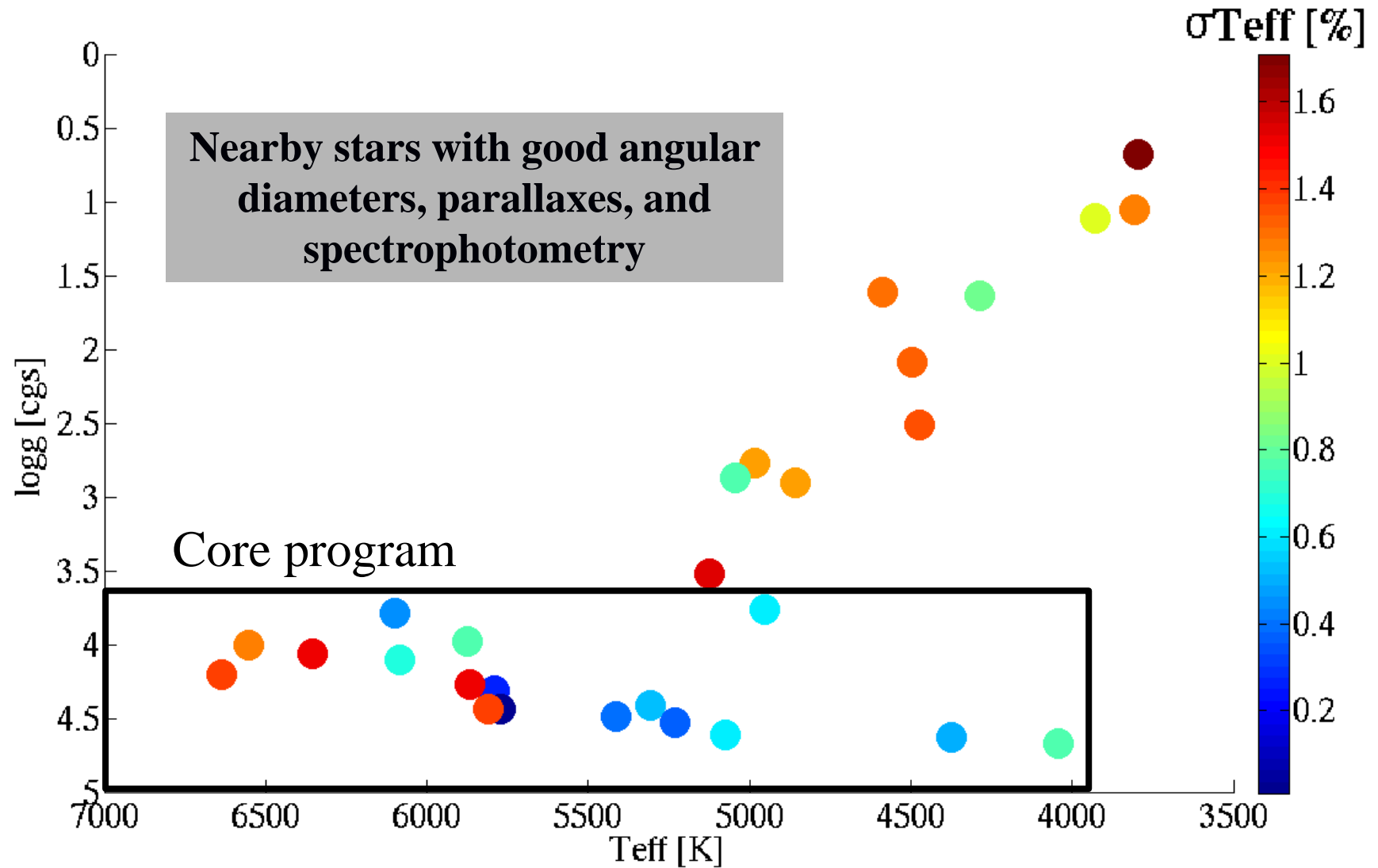
- Effective temperature
- Metallicity
- Detailed chemical composition

Teff: Gaia benchmarks



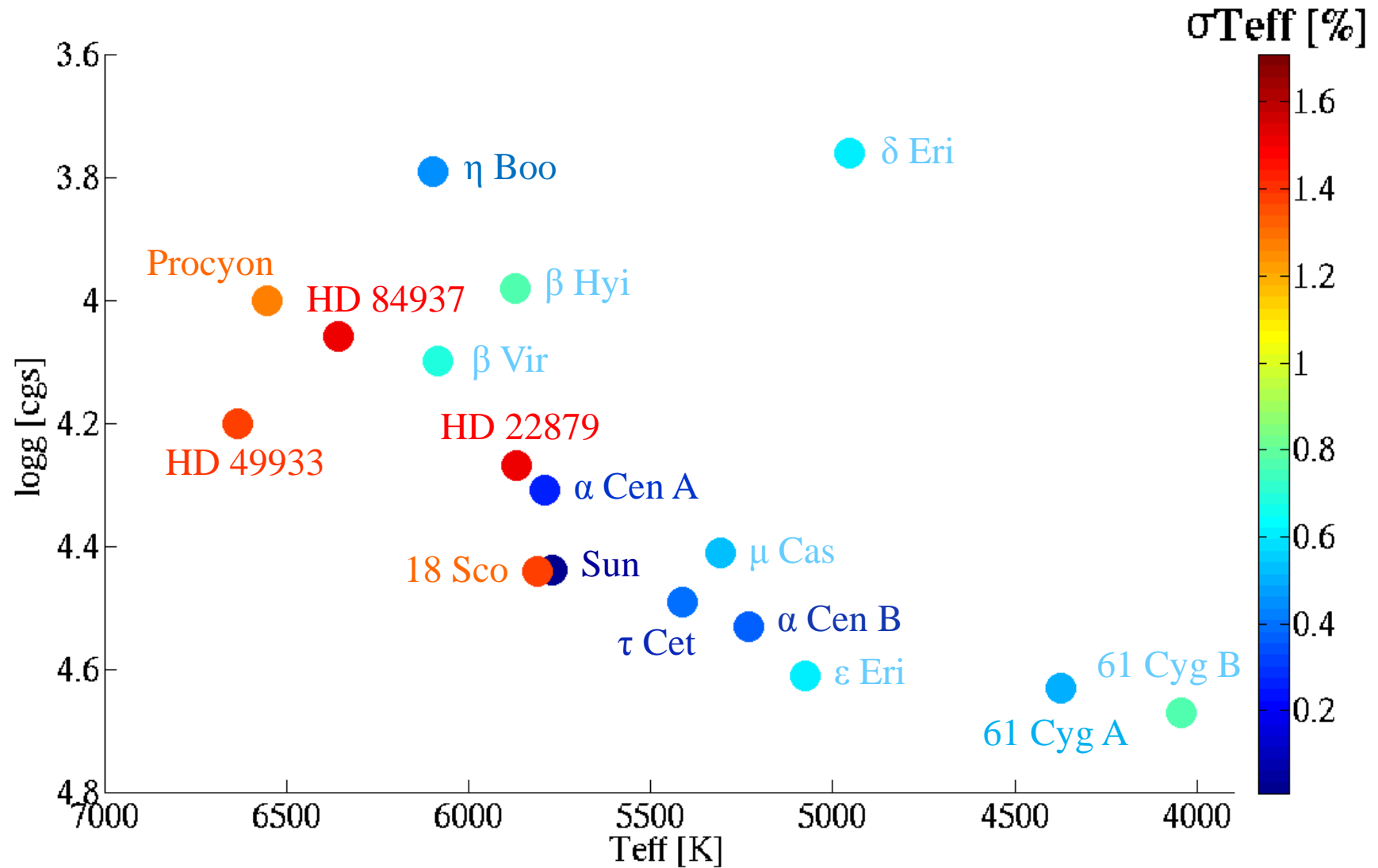
Data from Heiter et al. (2015)

Teff: Gaia benchmarks



Data from Heiter et al. (2015)

Teff: Gaia benchmarks



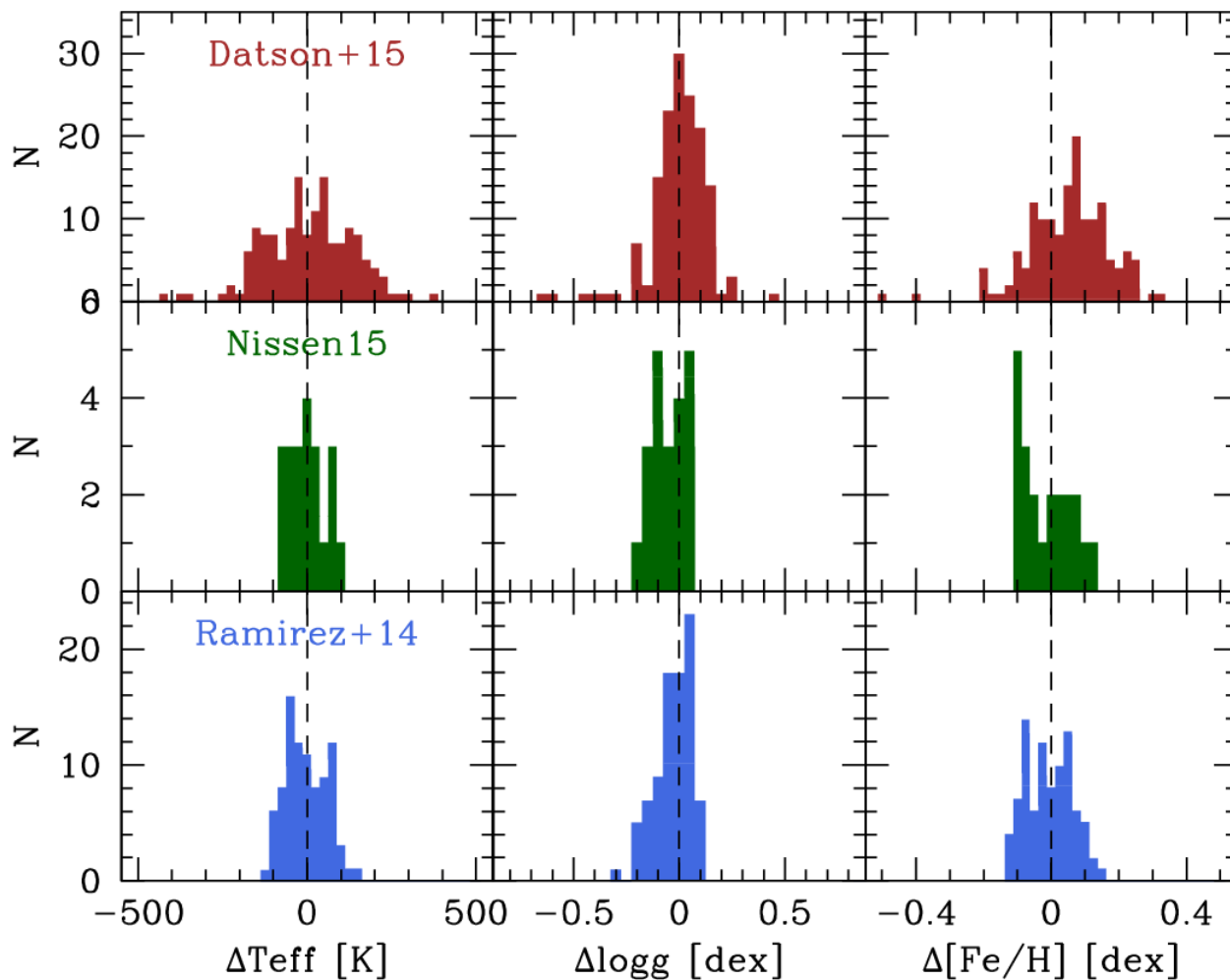
Data from Heiter et al. (2015)

Metallicity: solar twins/analogue

Line-by-line, strictly differential analysis with respect to the Sun

Sample properties: deviations with respect to solar values

Uncertainties quoted



$\sigma T_{\text{eff}} \sim 40$ K
 $\sigma \log g \sim 0.07$ dex
 $\sigma [\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \sim 0.03$ dex

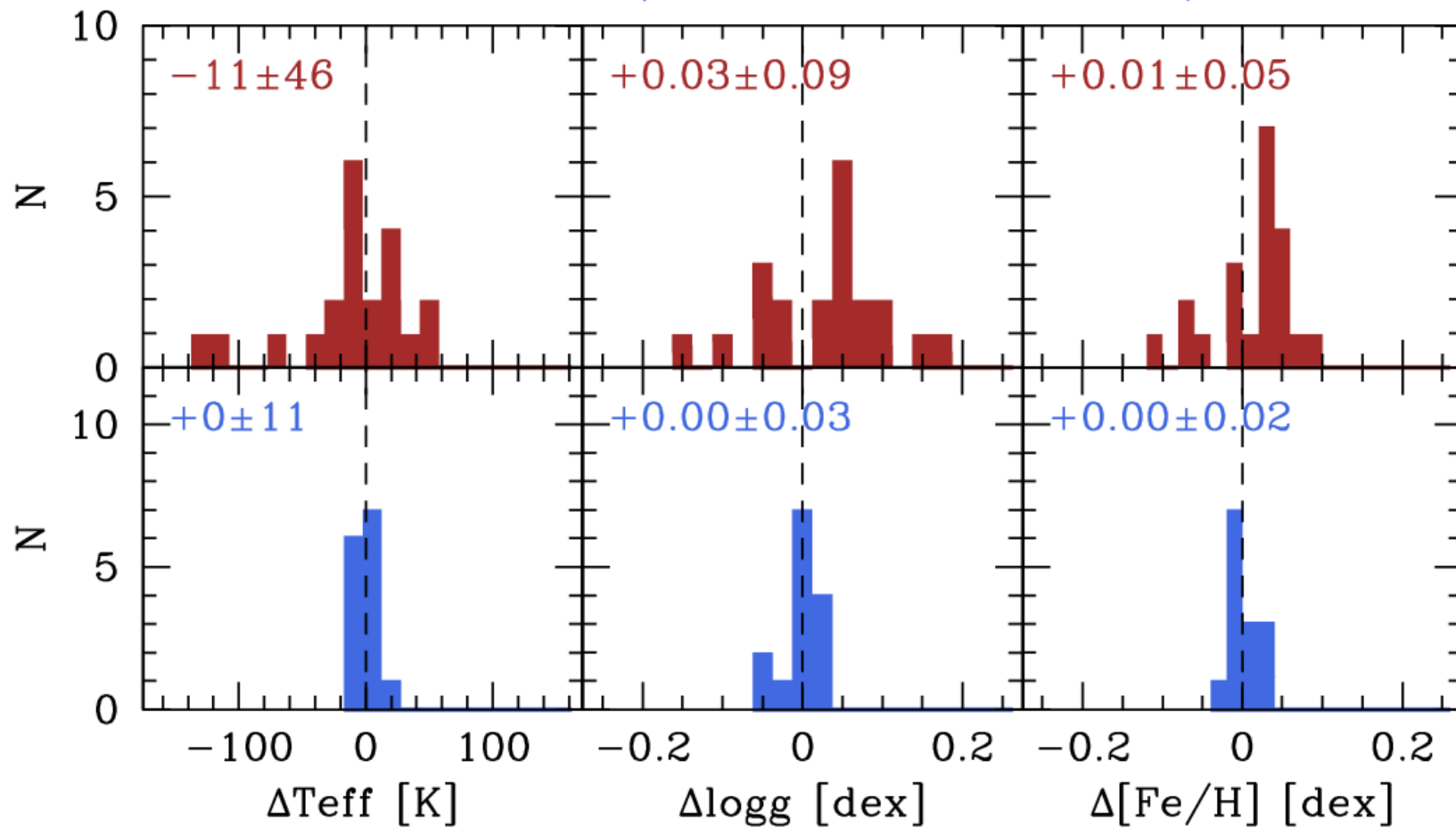
$\sigma T_{\text{eff}} \sim 6$ K
 $\sigma \log g \sim 0.012$ dex
 $\sigma [\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \sim 0.006$ dex

$\sigma T_{\text{eff}} \sim 7$ K
 $\sigma \log g \sim 0.019$ dex
 $\sigma [\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \sim 0.006$ dex

Metallicity: solar twins/analogues

Datson–Ramirez (21 stars in common)

Nissen–Ramirez (14 stars in common)



Metallicity: solar twins/analogues

HD 134664

| Reference | Teff [K] | logg [cgs] | [Fe/H] |
|------------|----------|------------|--------|
| Datson+15 | 5884 | 4.43 | +0.13 |
| Nissen15 | 5853 | 4.452 | +0.093 |
| Ramírez+14 | 5844 | 4.49 | +0.077 |
| σ | 21 | 0.04 | 0.03 |

HD 146233

| Reference | Teff [K] | logg [cgs] | [Fe/H] |
|------------|----------|------------|--------|
| Datson+15 | 5819 | 4.47 | +0.08 |
| Nissen15 | 5809 | 4.434 | +0.046 |
| Ramírez+14 | 5814 | 4.45 | +0.056 |
| σ | 5 | 0.02 | 0.02 |

Metallicity: solar twins/analogues

18 Sco

Heiter+15: 5810 ± 80 K

| Reference | Teff [K] | Δ Teff [K] |
|------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Datson+15 | 5819 ± 40 | +9 |
| Nissen15 | 5809 ± 6 | -1 |
| Ramírez+14 | 5814 ± 3 | +4 |

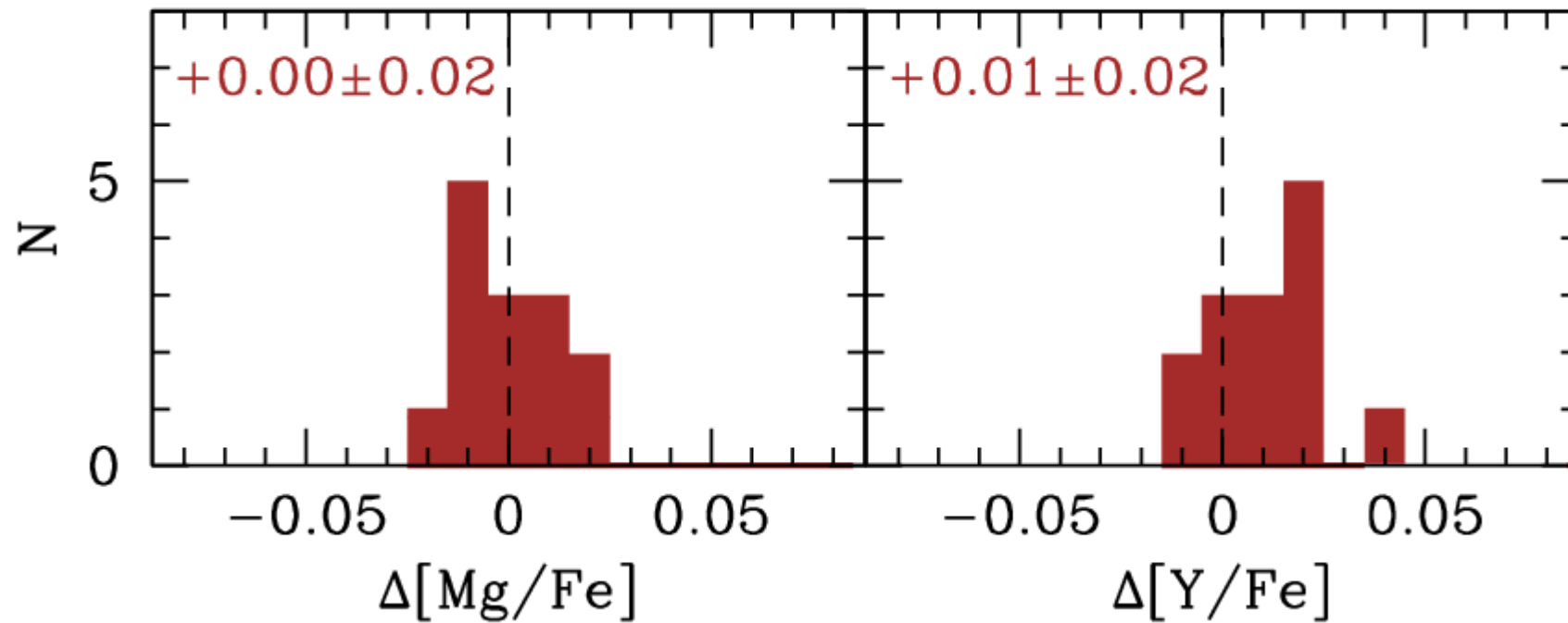
τ Cet

Heiter+15: 5414 ± 21 K

| Reference | Teff [K] | Δ Teff [K] |
|-----------|---------------|-------------------|
| Datson+15 | 5425 ± 40 | +11 |

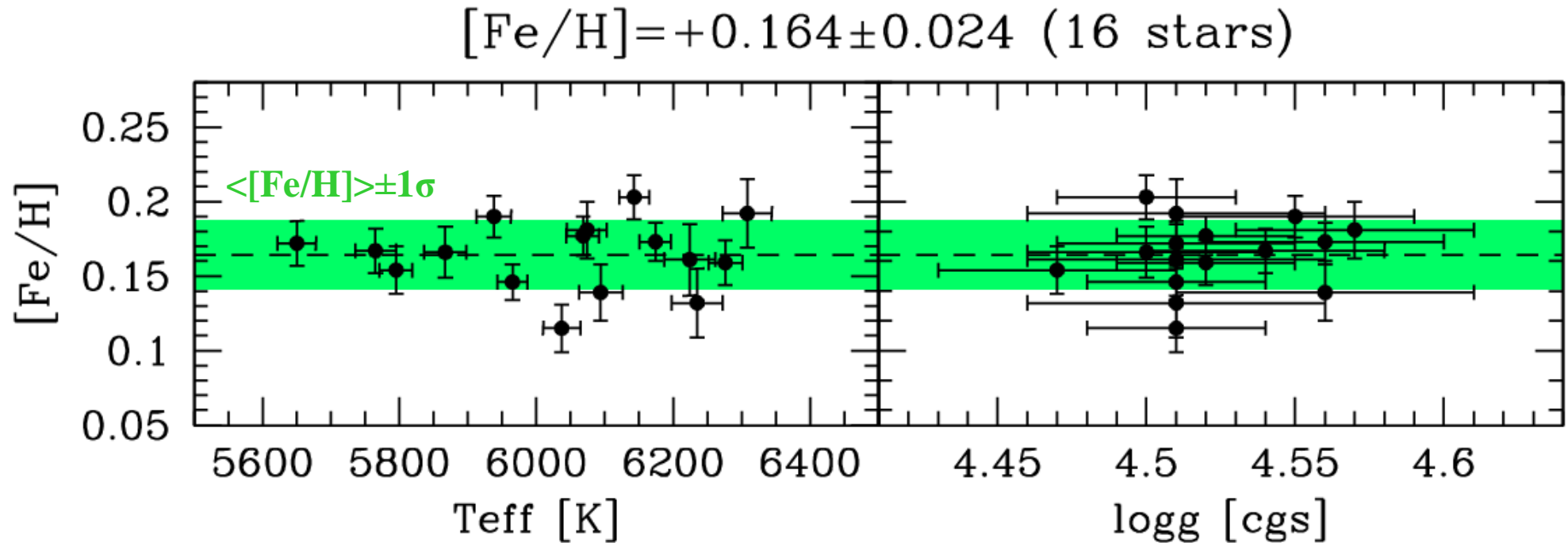
Abundance pattern: solar twins/analogue

Nissen–Tucci Maia (14 stars in common)



Metallicity: open clusters

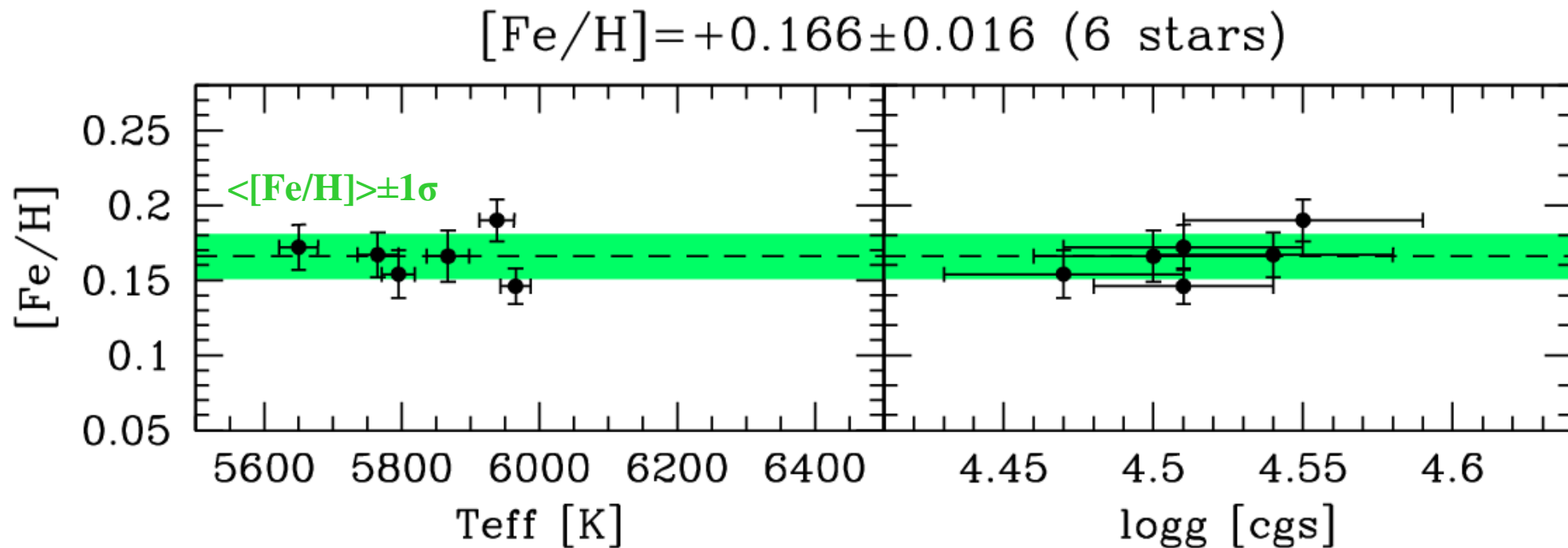
Differential analysis of solar-like stars in Hyades



Data from Liu et al. (2016)

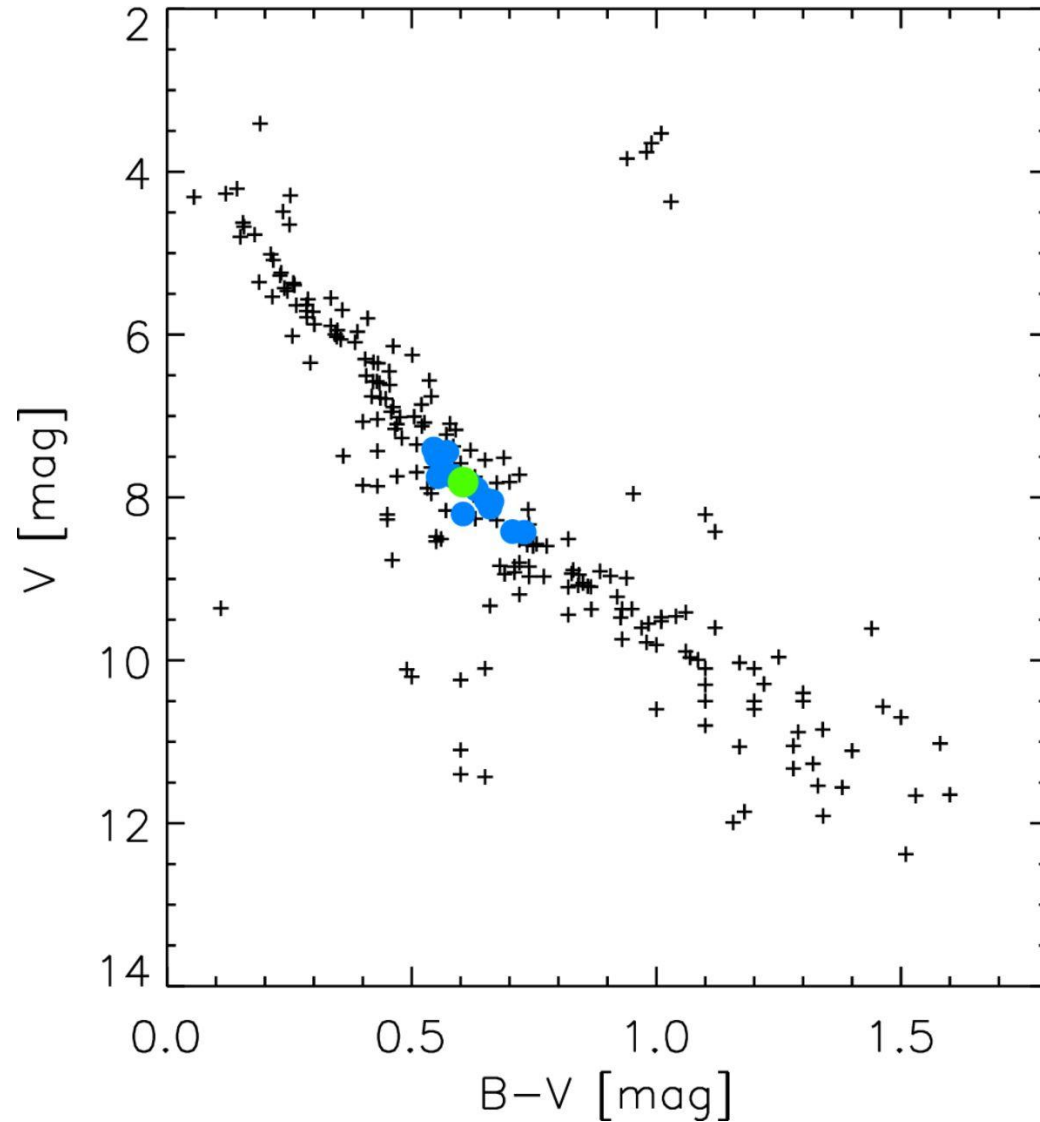
Metallicity: open clusters

Differential analysis of solar analogues in Hyades



Data from Liu et al. (2016)

Metallicity: open clusters



**Requirement: retrieving
 $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = +0.17 \pm 0.02$ for all
Hyades members**

Liu et al. (2016)

Benchmark categories

Stars with good interferometric and spectrophotometric data

Provide: effective temperature ($\sigma T_{\text{eff}} < 1\%$)

Pros: stars sampling the entire HR diagram

Solar analogues/twins with independent, differential studies in literature

Provide: effective temperature ($\sigma T_{\text{eff}} < 1\%$) + metallicity and chemical abundances ($\sigma \ll 0.1$ dex). E.g., KIC 3241581 (Beck+16).

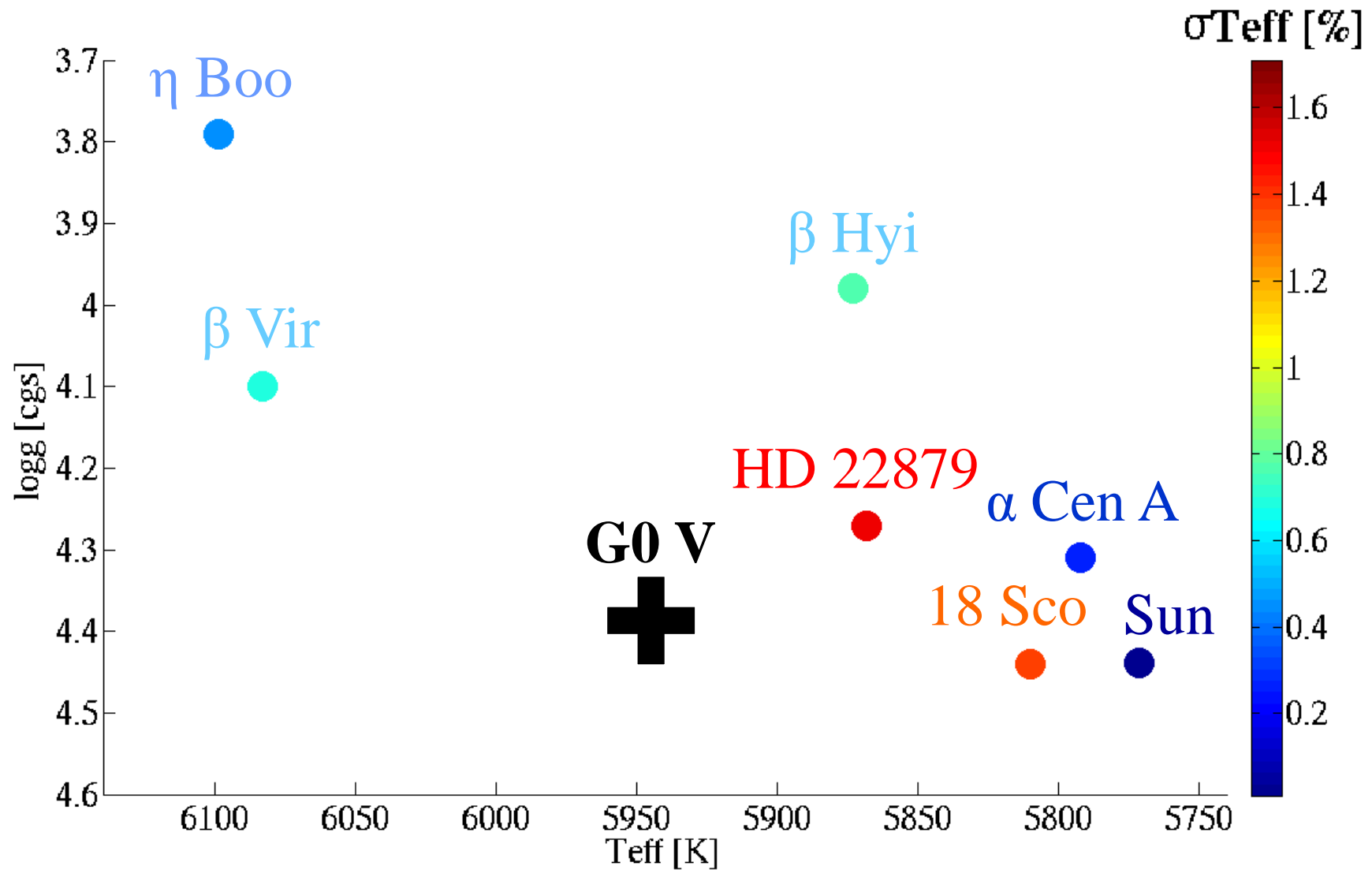
Cons: only restricted parameter space. But if stars are cluster members, can be used to establish metallicity scale of the whole cluster

Consistency checks

Irrespective of their physical parameters (T_{eff} , $\log g$, $v_{\text{sin}i}$, ...), same abundances of elements not affected by evolutionary effects expected for:

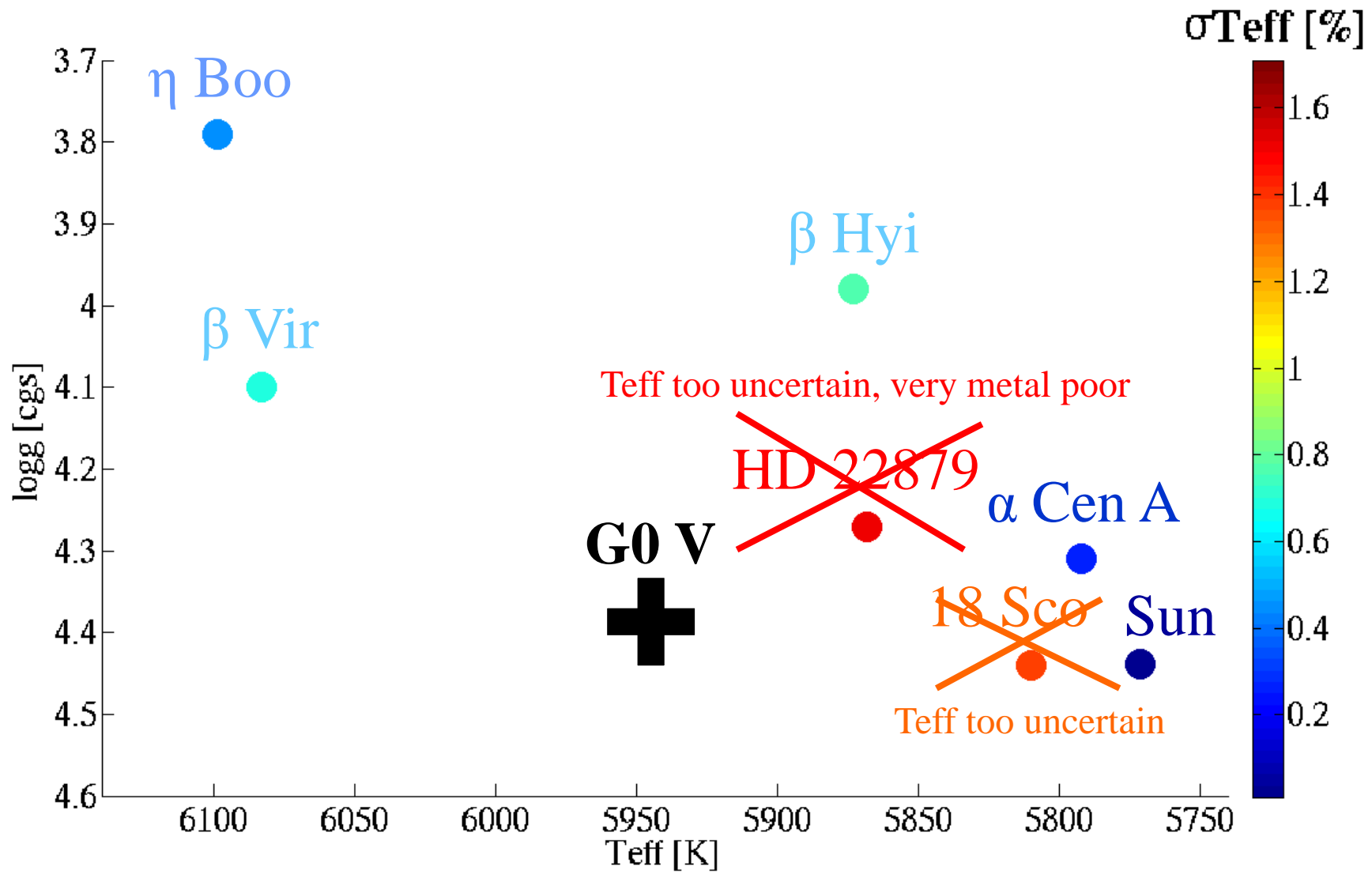
- Open cluster members (e.g., same $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$ within the errors for MS and RG stars).
- Binary components

WP122 H&H campaign



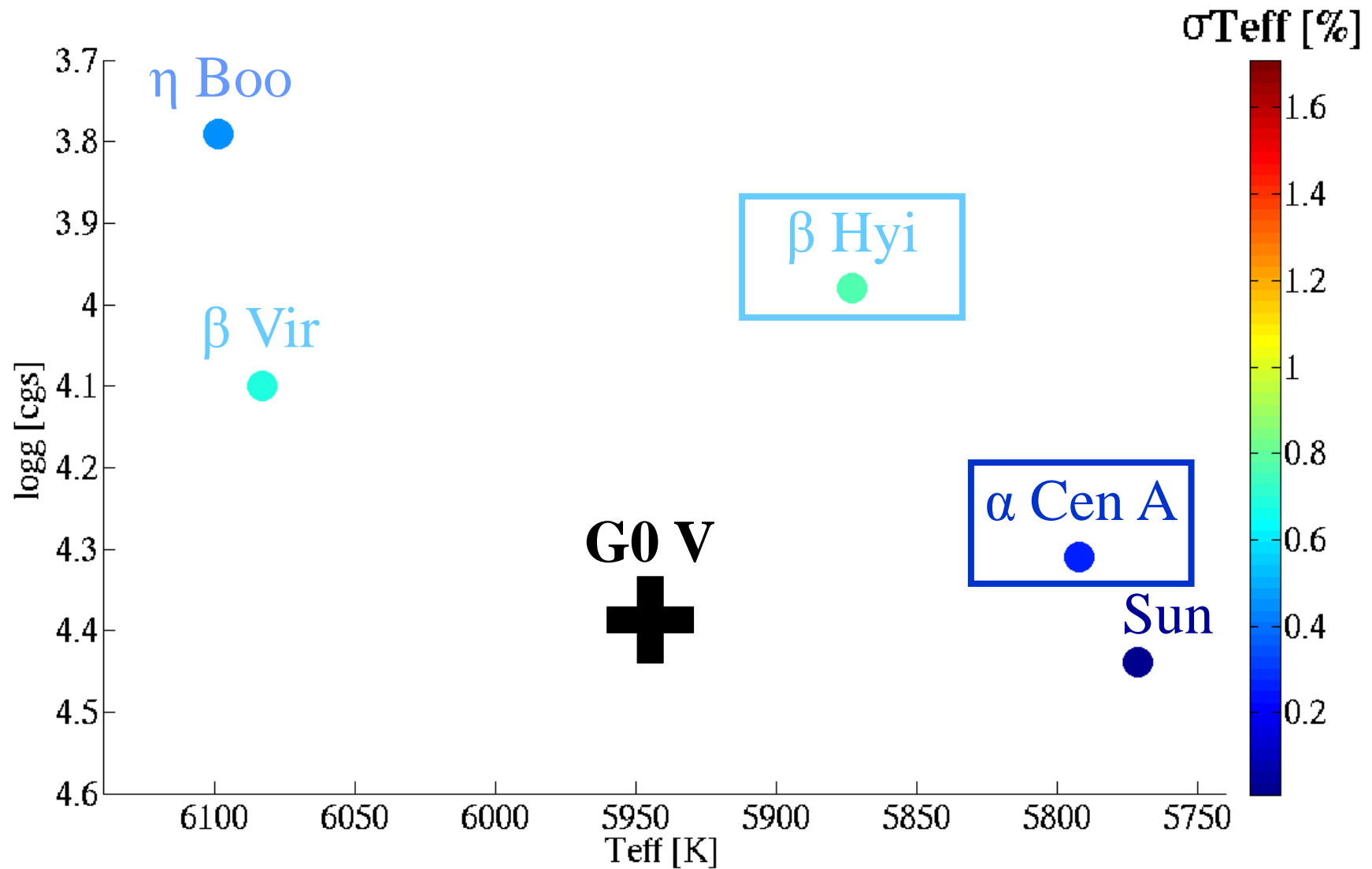
Data from Heiter et al. (2015)

WP122 H&H campaign



Data from Heiter et al. (2015)

WP122 H&H campaign



Data from Heiter et al. (2015)

WP122 H&H campaign

STARS STUDIED

One subgiant (β Hyi) and one dwarf with parameters similar to those of the Sun (α Cen A). Both have accurate interferometric and seismic parameters.

SOURCE OF DATA

A set of non-normalised HARPS spectra degraded in terms of spectral resolution. Taken from Blanco Cuaresma's database of *Gaia* benchmarks: <http://www.blancocuaresma.com/s/benchmarkstars/>

THE H&H CAMPAIGN

Step I: For both stars, analysis of spectra with a resolving power $R = 3000, 20000, 65000$. In each case, two wavelength intervals are considered (4800-6800 and 6000-6500 Å). Twelve spectra to be analysed in total.

Outputs: T_{eff} , $\log g$, [Fe/H]

Objective: evaluate the effect of spectral resolution and wavelength coverage. Necessary because we do not know what kind of data we will have at our disposal for each PLATO target.

Step II: As above, but adopting the seismic $\log g$ as input of the spectroscopic analysis.

Outputs: T_{eff} and [Fe/H]

Objective: evaluate to what extent incorporating the seismic $\log g$ of the PLATO target would affect the results.

Step III: Differential, line-by-line analysis of α Cen A with respect to the Sun.

Outputs: T_{eff} , $\log g$, [Fe/H]

Objective: evaluate to what extent a differential analysis improves the results for solar analogues/twins.